## Disease and medicine

VOCABULARY		
antibiotics	germs	relieve
bacteria	lump 2002 2000 in the state	specialist
benign	immune system	surgery
checkup	immunization	symptom
	infection	treatment
contagious	painkiller	tumor
cure	parasite	vaccines
diagnosis	pathogens	virus
epidemic	patient	
fungus	prescription	Horst sea be a man

PUZZLE 7.1

**Definition match-up: Disease and medicine** *Match the following definitions with words from the vocabulary list.* 

1.	Microorganisms that cause disease such as bacteria, viruses, and
	parasites:
2.	The parts of your body that fight infection:
3.	A doctor who treats only one type of illness:
4.	Medicines that kill unwanted bacteria or fungi:
5.	Substances that provide immunity to diseases:
6.	Can spread from person to person:
7.	A sign of an illness:
8.	The identification of an illness by a doctor:
9.	A condition whereby germs have entered your body:
10.	A disease that has spread widely:
11.	Not damaging to health:
12.	A person who seeks medical attention:
13.	The process of getting vaccinated:
14.	Heal an illness:

	15. Make a symptom bearable:		
	16. An illness that comes back again	and again:	
	- a leasured growth of a tissue:		_
	18. A routine visit to the doctor to m	nake sure you are healthy: _	
[	7·2 Labeling: Disease ar	nd medicine Attach the folk	owing disease- and medicine-related
	labels to the lists of word	is that follow.	
	Cold symptoms Contagious diseases Diagnosis aids	Injuries Medical professionals Preventive measures	Remedies Skin ailments Types of infection
	1. bacterial, fungal, viral		
	2. cough, runny nose, sore throat		
	3. sunburn, insect bite, rash		
	4. blood samples, patient interviev	ws, x-rays	
,	5. antibiotics, painkillers, surgery		
	6. broken bone, sprained ankle, to	orn ligament	
	7. cholera, influenza, strep throat		
	8. pediatrician, pharmacist, surge		
	<ol> <li>9. eating a balanced diet, frequer immunizations</li> </ol>	nt hand washing,	
	PUZZLE		
	7.3	: <b>Disease and medicine</b> Cousing the words provided.	omplete the following paragraphs by
	A visit to the doctor		
	blood	health	specialist symptoms
	diagnosis	opinion prescription	treatment
	general	•	an amergency, you usually v
	If you are ill or worried about yo	our and it is	s not an emergency, you usually vi
		practitioner. Your doci	(Of Will Examine arise arise
	to find out what	you have. Your doctor ma	ay also order some tests such as

a	$_{ m sample}$ or an x-ra	y. Your doctor will tl	nen use the	results of the interview and	t			
the tests to make	the tests to make a Once a diagnosis is made, the doctor can							
begin	begin If the doctor feels that your condition is not serious, he or she may just							
write you a	write you a for medicine and tell you to get some rest. However, if the doctor							
cannot diagnose	what is wrong or th	ne doctor feels your	condition is	serious, he or she may				
refer you to a	refer you to a At any rate, if the diagnosis is serious, it is always good to get a							
second	•							
The immune sys	tem							
	eradicate	medicine	vaco	inations				
	immune infections	parasites tuberculosis	viru	ses				
``	intections	tuberculosis						
				rom pathogens such as				
bacteria,	, fungi, and	l, Ti	nough your	immune system can often				
take care of an in	fection on its own,	we sometimes take		to help our immune				
		s duration. Indeed,		•				
as	_, that your immur	ne system may not b	e able to ov	ercome without medicine.				
				ns to function properly. We	<b>:</b>			
can aid this proce	ss through	A vaccine	is a substan	ce that contains a				
weakened form o	f a disease. Vaccine	s stimulate the imm	une system	to recognize and destroy				
that substance an	d then "remember	" it so that you will b	pe	to that disease in				
the future. Health	experts around the	e world hope that v	accination p	rograms can				
some of the wors	t forms of contagio	us disease.						
Cure and relief								
	antibiotics bearable	•	irposes	sore				
	Dearable	rungar re	lieve					
		Son						
help	diseases. For ex	kample,	can kill	bacterial and				
infections. Other	nedicines are mear	nt to	_ symptoms	that cause discomfort. For	•			
example, though	a throat lozenge wi	II not cure a	th	roat, the lozenge will make	i			
it more	while your in	mmune system doe	s its work.					
Preventive meas	ures							
	balanced	hygiene	regular					
	contracting hand	prevention	system					
	nanu	recovering	vaccination	פווע				